Unit 7 - The Party

7A Introduction

Sometimes what seems like a little thing can quickly spiral out of control. This is the story of Wenda, a girl who makes a small mistake and soon finds herself in a tricky situation.

7B Song Lyrics

"Ok, honey. Your mother and I are going to visit my sister this weekend. Are you sure you'll be fine alone?"

"Mmm. hmm."

"Well, I've got the meals in the freezer labeled, just use the microwave, and don't forget to water the plants. Call us if there's any problems. Love you! Bye!"

Wenda is a good kid, I mean, probably, Worse thing she ever did was not eat all her broccoli. But she would be alone tonight, not supervised, Not under adults' eyes, so she's thinking, "You know Why shouldn't I have a few of my friends In my abode, in my home? It would be no thing." So to her friends she gives an **oration**, a speech, Saying, "Come over tonight; we'll watch DVDs." Cara asks, "Can I invite my cousin Tito?" Wenda says, "Sure, but don't invite too many people." As the day goes on, Wenda gets perturbed, Bothered by the kids who see her and say, "Word!" She asks Cara, "You invite the whole school?" Cara begs and **implores** her to stay cool. "So I invited two boys that I knew, Don't worry; they're the cutest boys in school." After school, Wenda's not **negligent**, She waters all the plants, she's not forgetting it.

She told one person, one became two, Two became four, what's she gonna do? She thought she had a plan, but things got bad, Now what's she gonna say to her mom and dad. (x2)

So she puts out some Cheetos and Diet Cokes.

She wants to be **hospitable**, a nice host,

At seven o'clock come Cara and Tito,
Tito's like, "This party is going to be unequaled!
We had a party last year, this is going to be the **sequel**,
The one that comes after,
Anyway I'm going into the other room to practice my laughter."
So Wenda turns to Cara,
"I don't want this house to be flooded and **inundated**,
With people I don't know and guys you never dated."

Ding-dong! It's the two cute dudes from school,

Only they brought four more who are not cool.

Ding-dong! It's seven girls laughing it up,

And five guys who came in the back of the truck.

And four more who came in a four-door cab.

Wenda's feeling dismal, oh so bad.

It's getting out of hand, and Wenda wants to quit,

You have to acknowledge, you have to admit,

That it's crazy.

I mean, guys and ladies open the fridge

Eating turkey and gravy.

Wenda sees a guy spill juice on her dad's shirt,

Now she's getting **agitated** and disturbed.

The party gets more serious, **intensifies**,

When one guy tries to light a plant on fire.

Then a dude comes up to Wenda and says,

"Yo, this party is the dopest!

I just ate most of your mom's Speed Stick deodorant,

Now I have to go to the hospital! See ya!"

And someone takes apart and dismantles

Two chairs plus Wenda's dad's piano.

Wenda tries to **reprimand** them,

Tell them what they're doing is bad, and they just laugh.

But Tito sees Wenda crying, has an idea,

He steps out the house into the clear air.

He busts back in yelling, "Someone called the cops!

They'll be here soon, y'all better get out!"

The people leave quick, and Tito and Wenda

Clean up, and put the piano back together.

Hook

7C Words Defined

Below you'll find each vocabulary word that was used in the song. Each word is followed by the part of speech, a simple definition and a meaningful sentence. Some words will also have synonyms, antonyms and other forms of the word listed.

1. abode (noun) a home; a place where someone lives

I just want to find a nice abode somewhere in the mountains.

Synonyms: house, residence

2. acknowledge (verb) to admit that something is real or true; to express that you know someone or something

After being beaten three times in a row, Keema had to acknowledge that Stacey was the better ball player.

Synonyms: grant, concede

Antonyms: deny

Other forms: The award was an acknowledgment (noun) of Stacey's achievement.

3. agitate (verb) to disturb either physically or emotionally; to shake up

The alarming news agitated Gene so much, he couldn't sleep all night.

Antonyms: calm, soothe

Other forms: Upset that his girlfriend had dumped him, Zong was in an agitated (adj) state

throughout the concert.

4. dismantle (verb) to take apart, often making something useless

Bud knew how to dismantle a car engine, but he had no idea how to put it back together.

Antonyms: assemble, build, construct

5. dismal (adj) causing sadness or gloom.

Some people like rain storms, but to me rain is the most dismal weather.

Synonyms: bleak, dreary, joyless Antonyms: bright, cheerful, happy

6. hospitable leding nice and generous to strangers or guests.

Whenever I go to Naoko's house, she just stays in her room and isn't hospitable at all.

Other forms: Someone who is hospitable shows you hospitality (noun).

7. intensify (verb) to make or become more intense; to strengthen

Instead of weakening, the storm only intensified as it hit the Florida coast.

Antonyms: calm, weaken

8. implore (verb) to beg for something, or to ask very seriously

The prisoner implored the judge to spare his life .

- 9. inundate (verb) 1. to overwhelm with too much of something 2. to flood or cover, as with water
- 1. The phone lines were *inundated* with requests for the new pop single.
- 2. The hurricane waters completely inundated the town.

Other forms: The inundation (noun) of tourists in San Francisco in the summertime changes the city.

10. negligent (adj) being careless; not paying attention to the things you have to do

Britney was a negligent babysitter; she spent the whole time texting her friends and ignoring the kids.

Synonyms: indifferent, inconsiderate

Antonyms: careful, mindful

Other forms: Because of Britney's negligence (noun), she was never hired as a babysitter again.

11. oration (noun) a speech, especially one in public for a special occasion

The president gave an important oration from the steps of the Capitol building.

Other forms: You can *orate* (verb) for hours if people are listening, but you better be a good

orator (noun).

12. perturb (verb) to bother or disturb greatly

Nothing perturbs our teacher more than when someone's cell phone rings in class.

Synonyms: upset, unsettle Antonyms: calm, please

13. reprimand (verb) to scold in a very strong or serious way

I was reprimanded for having my cell phone ring in class.

Other forms: *Reprimand* can also be a noun, meaning "a strong scolding from someone in authority": I received an angry *reprimand* for not doing my homework.

14. sequel (noun) something that comes after something else, especially a book or movie that continues the story of an earlier work

When it comes to X-Men movies, I think the *sequels* were even better than the original. Antonyms: original

15. supervise (verb) to be in charge of something or someone; to manage

If you work at a camp, you have to be good at supervising little kids.

Synonyms: manage, control, guide

Other forms: Without any *supervision* (noun) from a *supervisor* (noun), the kids began to spread peanut butter all over their arms and legs.

7D Fix the Mistake

Each of the sentences below has a mistake. The wrong vocabulary words have been used, so the sentences don't make sense. Rewrite each sentence using the correct vocabulary word from this unit.

- 1. Anthony is a **dismal** worker; his homework usually has a lot of sloppy, careless mistakes.
- 2. I was so **intensified** when Jacquelyn showed up two hours late that I yelled at her in annoyance, causing an uncomfortable scene .
- 3. The principal realized it was a mistake asking Mr. Martin to **implore** the dance decoration

macaroni noodles.

4. The Red Cross was **perturbed** with calls from thousands of people who wanted to help during the devastating fire.

committee; for some reason, they ended up covering the walls of the gym with Styrofoam and

5.	Senator Jeffords gave a masterful sequel on the need for health-care reform that got the crowd cheering.
6.	I inundate that Simone is a great guitarist, but I'm not that crazy about her singing.
7.	Before we move, it's my job to agitate all the bookcases so they'll take up less room in the moving van.
8.	Old Mr. Hammer lives in a humble little oration deep in the woods.
9.	That movie had a pretty hospitable ending; it was bad enough that the kid's parents died, but did his dog really have to die too?
10.	As far as I'm concerned, the abode to Gremlins is far superior to the original.
11.	The reason Sparky never goes on the couch today is because I supervised him harshly when he tried to jump up on it as a puppy.
12.	The Connors were very negligent when we visited them in Las Vegas; every morning they served us breakfast out on the patio.
13.	The surfer was so reprimanded after being attacked by a shark that he didn't go in the ocean for a year afterward.
14.	I've been acknowledging my mother to buy me my own TV for the last three months, but she still insists it's a waste of money.
15.	My love for Armando dismantles every time I see him; I hope we can spend the rest of our lives together.

7E Pick the Winner

Circle the word that best fits into the sentence. Then write a sentence below that uses the word you didn't pick in a meaningful way.

	sil was so (hospitable OR negligent) about introducing people at his party that we all thung out with the people we already knew.
Dr.	Frankenstein (implored OR acknowledged) the townspeople to leave his creation alon
	e bomb squad worked furiously to (dismantle OR inundate) the time bomb before xploded.
-	(oration OR abode) isn't far from here; maybe we can go back there after we listen the speech?
	rry gets (perturbed OR reprimanded) when people assume he's a girl because of name.

7F Draw the Relationships

In each grouping of eight words below, draw straight lines between the synonyms (words that mean similar things) and squiggly lines between any antonyms (words that mean nearly opposite things). Every word should have at least one line connected to it. Some may have more.

1	original	abode	pleasant	sequel
U	home	speech	dismal	oration
2	superviser	acknowledge	implore	beg
	welcoming	manage	recognize	hospitable

3	perturbed	dismantle	weaken	shake up
9	calm	put together	agitate	intensify
4	reprimand	negligent	careless	praise
	overwhelm	deny	inundate	acknowledge

7G Understanding What You Read

Read the passage below. Then answer the questions.

The Tsunami

On the morning of December 26, 2004, interior decorator Nate Berkus was in a state of great <u>agitation</u>. He was vacationing in Sri Lanka, an island country in South Asia, when he was awakened by a noise that sounded like a bomb exploding. Moments later, the hotel was suddenly <u>inundated</u> by a gigantic wave of water that <u>dismantled</u> the building and swept Berkus into the ocean. After grabbing onto a telephone pole, Berkus managed to climb onto the roof of an <u>abode</u>, where he was eventually rescued. Although he didn't know it at the time, Berkus had survived one of the most destructive natural disasters in recorded history.

The storm that Berkus experienced is known as a "tsunami." A tsunami is a series of large waves that arises from an undersea earthquake or volcanic eruption. The 2004 tsunami was the result of a massive earthquake under the Indian Ocean. When the earthquake hit, it created a series of <u>intensifying</u> waves that pounded the coastlines of 11 countries bordering the Indian Ocean. These waves destroyed buildings and killed more than 225,000 people. The countries that saw the most destruction were Indonesia, Sri Lanka, India, and Thailand.

Worldwide response to the tsunami was almost immediate. Countries around the world showed their <u>hospitality</u> by donating food, water, and more than \$7 billion in aid. Australia led the rescue efforts, donating more than \$800 million. In America, former presidents George H.W. Bush and Bill Clinton supervised an effort to raise money for the tsunami victims.

Some scientists believe the tsunami was able to cause such extreme devastation because of human <u>negligence</u>. The earthquake hit several hours before the waves reached the shores. A tsunami warning system could have detected the earthquake and alerted people to move to higher land before the waves hit. In 2006, such a system was finally put into place. Hopefully, the Indian Ocean Tsunami Warning System will help to ensure that such a <u>dismal</u> tragedy never occurs again.

1.	What	hap	pene	d to	the	hotel	that
Na	te Be	rkus	had	been	sta	ying	in?

- (A) It floated away.
- (B) It sank.
- (C) It remained in place.
- (D) It was destroyed.

2. How did Berkus keep from drowning?

- (A) He climbed onto the roof of his hotel.
- (B) He grabbed onto a telephone pole.
- (C) He used his mattress as a raft.
- (D) He used the Tsunami Warning System.

3. According to the passage, which of the following countries experienced the most destruction from the 2004 tsunami?

- (A) Ireland
- (B) India
- (C) Australia
- (D) Turkey

4. Based on information in the final paragraph, you can tell that

- (A) A tsunami warning system could have been established before 2004.
- (B) Some scientists believe the earthquake was caused by humans.
- (C) No one could have predicted the tsunami was going to occur.
- (D) The tsunami warning system has yet to be built.

5. What will most likely happen the next time a tsunami forms in the Indian Ocean?

- (A) The tsunami will cause more damage than the 2004 tsunami.
- (B) Australia will donate the largest amount of money.
- (C) The nearby countries will be alerted ahead of time.
- (D) India will experience the greatest amount of devastation.

7H Thinking Creatively

Answer each question below. Don't be afraid to think creatively.

1.	What makes you perturbed ?
2.	How would you reprimand someone who tried to cheat off your work at school?
3.	What's a good name for the sequel to a movie called <i>Fire Cats</i> ?

4.	Describe your abode in just six words.	

5. Write the first line of your **oration** accepting the nomination for President of the United States.

Word Breakdown

It's no coincidence that the word *hospitable* looks so similar to the word *hospital*. Both of these words come from the Latin root hosp, meaning "host." A *hospital* hosts people when they're sick, just as someone who is *hospitable* acts like a good host.

The word *supervise* is a combination of the root *vis*, meaning "to see," and the prefix *super*-, meaning "above." So someone who *supervises* is literally someone who "watches from above." The female rapper MC Lyte once put together this alliteration-rich rhyme: "How do I know? Because you told me so / You instantly prefer a pro to supervise the show."